

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission ATTN: NRC Document Control Desk Washington, DC 20555 Serial: HNP-02-025 10CFR50.73

MAR 4 2002

SHEARON HARRIS NUCLEAR POWER PLANT UNIT 1 DOCKET NO. 50-400 LICENSE NO. NPF-63 LICENSEE EVENT REPORT 2002-601-00

Sir or Madam:

The enclosed Licensee Event Report is submitted in accordance with 10CFR50.73. This report describes a reactor trip caused by a failure of a main feedwater regulating valve bypass valve.

R. J. Duncan II General Manager

Harris Plant

MSE/mse

Enclosure

c: Me

Mr. J. B. Brady (HNP Senior NRC Resident)

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NRC FORM 366 (MM-YYYY) U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY
COMMISSION

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)

(See reverse for required number of digits/characters for each block)

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50.73(a)(2)(iv)(A)

50.73(a)(2)(v)(A)

50.73(a)(2)(v)(B)

50.73(a)(2)(v)(C)

50.73(a)(2)(v)(D)

50.73(a)(2)(x)

73.71(a)(4)

73.71(a)(5)

Specify in Abstract below or in NRC Form 366A

OTHER

FACILITY NAME (1) Harris Nuclear Plant					DOCK	ET NUN	1BER (2) 05000400	PAGE (3) 1 OF 3		
TITLE (4) R	eactor	Trip	due t	o Main 1	Feed	wate	Reg	ulati	ng Valve Bypass	Valve Failure
EVENT DA	LER NUMBER (6)			REP	ORT DA	TE (7)	OTHER FACILITIES INVOLVED (8)			
MO DAY		YEAR	YEAR	SEQUENT IAL NUMBER	REV NO	мо	DAY	YEAR	FACILITY NAME	DOCKET NUMBER 05000
01	02	02	2002	- 01 -	00	03	04	2002	FACILITY NAME	DOCKET NUMBER 05000
OPERATING			THIS R	EPORT IS SI	UBMIT	TED P	URSUA	NT TO T	HE REQUIREMENTS OF 1	O CFR 1: (Check all that apply)
MODE (9)		1	20.2201(b)			20.22	03(a)(3)(i)		50.73(a)(2)(i)(C)	50.73(a)(2)(vii)
POWER LEVEL (10)			20.2201(d)		20.22	03(a)(3)(ii)	50.73(a)(2)(ii)(A)	50.73(a)(2)(viii)(A)	
		007	20.2203(a)(1)		20.22	03(a)(4)		50.73(a)(2)(ii)(B)	50.73(a)(2)(viii)(B)	
			20.:	2203(a)(2)(i)		50.36	(c)(1)(i)	(A)	50.73(a)(2)(iii)	50.73(a)(2)(ix)(A)

LICENSEE CONTACT FOR THIS LER (12)

50.36(c)(1)(ii)(A)

50.36(c)(2)

50.46(a)(3)(ii)

50.73(a)(2)(i)(A)

50.73(a)(2)(i)(B)

NAME Mark Ellington, Project Analyst - Licensing TELEPHONE NUMBER (Include Area Code) (919) 362-2057

COMPLETE ONE LINE FOR EACH COMPONENT FAILURE DESCRIBED IN THIS REPORT (13) MANU-REPORTABLE MANU-REPORTABLE SYSTEM COMPONENT FACTURER CAUSE SYSTEM COMPONENT FACTURER CAUSE TO EPIX TO EPIX B LCV Masoneilan MO DAY SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT EXPECTED (14) YEAR EXPECTED SUBMISSION YES (If ves. complete EXPECTED SUBMISSION **DATE (15)**

ABSTRACT (Limit to 1400 spaces, i.e., approximately 15 single-spaced typewritten lines) (16)

20.2203(a)(2)(ii)

20.2203(a)(2)(iii)

20.2203(a)(2)(iv)

20.2203(a)(2)(v)

20.2203(a)(2)(vi)

On January 2, 2002 at 0305, the Harris Nuclear Plant (HNF) was manually tripped, during a plant startup following RFO-10, due to a failure of a Main Feedwater Regulating Valve Bypass Valve. The plant trip was initiated at approximately 7% reactor power when Steam Generator (SG) divergent level swings were observed on all three SGs. SG level was being controlled in automatic by the Main Feedwater Regulating Valve Bypass Valves (MFRVBV) and the valves were traveling full open to full shut in response to the level swings. Following a full shut swing, "C" MFRVBV (1FW-198) failed to respond to an automatic open demand signal from the associated controller located on the Main Control Board. The Balance of Plant operator attempted to open 1FW-198 by taking the controller to manual with a 100% demand, however, indication of actual valve position showed the valve to be shut. With "C" SG level at 30% narrow range level indication, the Unit Senior Control Operator (USCO) directed a manual reactor trip. The manual reactor trip was successful.

Cause: Component Failure: Component degradation. The I/P converter for "C" MFRVBV (1FW-198) experienced a failure attributed to an internal blockage of air. Corrective actions: Replaced the I/P on "C" MFRVBV with a Masoneilan Model 7000 I/P.

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET	LER NUMBER (6)				PAGE (3)		
Harris Nuclear Plant, Unit 1	0500040	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	2	OF	3	
		2002	001	00				

TEXT (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)

I. DESCRIPTION OF EVENT

SUMMARY:

On January 2, 2002 at 0305, the Harris Nuclear Plant (HNP) was manually tripped, during a plant startup following RFO-10, due to a failure of a Main Feedwater Regulating Valve Bypass Valve (EIIS: SJ-LCV). The plant trip was initiated at approximately 7% reactor power when Steam Generator (SG) divergent level swings were observed on all three SGs. SG level was being controlled in automatic by the Main Feedwater Regulating Valve Bypass Valves (MFRVBV) and the valves were traveling full open to full shut in response to the level swings. Following a full shut swing, "C" MFRVBV (1FW-198) failed to respond to an automatic open demand signal from the associated controller located on the Main Control Board. The Balance of Plant (BOP) operator attempted to open 1FW-198 by taking the controller to manual with a 100% demand, however, indication of actual valve position showed the valve to be shut. With "C" SG level at 30% narrow range level indication, the Unit Senior Control Operator (USCO) directed a manual reactor trip. The manual reactor trip was successful:

Event Summary:

During the plant start-up following RFO-10, power ascension to 7% power was needed to satisfy the initial conditions of plant procedure EPT-848T, Temporary Procedure for Steam Generator Water Level Control Test. The purpose of this test was to evaluate the automatic response of the MFRVBV to a 5% level deviation following a steam generator replacement which included a new main feedwater pump impeller resulting in a larger differential pressure across the MFRVBV. The plant was placed in the test condition at approximately 7% reactor power. At that point, oscillations occurred in the steam generator level control circuitry. Following full shut demand swings of the MFRVBV, the BOP operator observed that "C" MFRVBV (1FW-198) had a 20% open demand but indicated shut (singular green light) on the associated status light box valve position indication and that "C" SG had a lowering level trend by MCB level indication. The MFRVBV for "A" and "B" SGs were responding as expected to Manual/Automatic (M/A) station demand signal. With "C" MFRVBV controller at 100% open and the valve indicating full shut, the BOP reactor operator placed the "C" MFRVBV controller in manual. The USCO entered plant procedure AOP-010, Feedwater Malfunctions. The operator cycled the controller from 100% to 0% and back to 100% but the valve did not respond as evidenced by full shut indication on the main control board and lowering level in "C" SG. The MCR staff used the guidance of plant procedure GP-005, Power Operation (mode 2 to mode 1), to place "C" Feedwater Regulating Valve in service to recover "C" SG level. In accordance with the operations pre-job brief, when "C" SG level decreased to 30%, the USCO ordered a manual reactor trip. The manual trip was successful. Reactor trip due to low SG level occurs automatically at 25% level.

HNP investigated the cause of the malfunction of 1FW-198. The most probable cause of the malfunction of 1FW-198 was determined to be an intermittent airflow obstruction in the current-to-pneumatic converter(I/P). Operating experience review showed numerous events where the I/P experienced intermittent failures. The "C" MFRVBV is the only one of the three MFRVBV to still use a Masoneilan model # 8005A I/P, which has no internal air filter, increasing the potential for contaminants to disrupt operation. HNP concluded that replacing the Masoneilan model # 8005A I/P with a Masoneilan Model 7000 I/P would reduce the probability of this failure from reoccurring.

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET	LER NUMBER (6)			PAGE (3)		
Harris Nuclear Plant, Unit 1	05000	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION	3	QF	3
		2002	001	00			

TEXT (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)

II. CAUSE OF EVENT

Component Failure: Component degradation. The I/P converter for "C" FRV Bypass Valve (1FW-198) experienced a failure attributed to an internal blockage of air.

III. SAFETY SIGNIFICANCE

HNP Final Safety Analysis Report section 7.7 identifies the MFRVEV safety function îs to shut in 10 seconds or less on a Main Feedwater Isolation Signal and is required to be operable in modes 1 through 4. This event describes a condition whereby a MFRVEV failed shut and that is the safety-related position of the valve. The reactor trip was successful and no significant adverse conditions occurred as a result of the reactor trip. Additionally, the Auxiliary Feedwater System automatically actuated following the trip as expected for the plant conditions. The Auxiliary Feedwater System remained available during and after the event to provide heat sink makeup capability. Therefore, this event is not considered safety significant. This condition is being reported in accordance with 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(iv) as a System Actuation.

IV. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

Replaced the I/P on "C" MFRVBV with a Masoneilan Model 7000 I/P.

V. PREVIOUS SIMILAR EVENTS

On December 22, 1989, with HNP preparing to start up following a refueling outage, operators attempted to open the "B' steam generator MFRVBV from the main control board. The MFRVBV would not open from the main control board. The I/P Converter for this air-operated valve was found to have an obstruction in the metering tube. The most probable cause of this failure was determined to be foreign material in the air system related to outage related maintenance. The metering tube was cleaned and reinstalled and the valve was tested satisfactorily.

The corrective actions identified in this report are designed to prevent recurrence of problems of the type identified in this event.